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Kurdish-English, English-Kurdish Dictionary-Aziz Aminadarov 1994 Over 8,000 entries, it provides a comprehensive reference to the Kurmanji dialect. Kurdish is spoken by over 5 million people across Iraq, Iran, Turkey and parts of the former Soviet Union.

English-Kurdish, Kurdish-English Dictionary-Selma Abdullah 2004

My First Kurdish Kurmanji Alphabets Picture Book with English Translations-Seyda S. 2019-12-19 Did you ever want to teach your kids the basics of Kurdish Kurmanji ? Learning Kurdish Kurmanji can be fun with this book. In this book you will find the following features: Kurdish Kurmanji Alphabets. Kurdish Kurmanji Words. English Translations.

Kurdish (Sorani) Dictionary & Phrasebook - 2009 Sorani (also called Kurdi) is a Kurdish language spoken mainly in Iraq and Iran, with an estimated 15 million speakers worldwide. The Kurds are spread across the countries of Iraq, Iran, Turkey, Syria, as well as Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan and Lebanon. There is also a large diaspora of Kurds, which is especially prominent in Europe. In all, there are up to 40 million speakers of the Kurdish languages worldwide. Generally written in Perso-Arabic script, Sorani is now also found in Romanized form. This easy-to-use phrasebook uses the official Sorani Latin alphabet to aid instant communication. In addition to a pronunciation guide, included are: [a resourceful two-way dictionary, containing more than 4,000 entries [an informative grammar section [useful appendices of Sorani numbers, opposites, and key verbs [useful lists covering such things as emergency, health care, political, relief aid, and combat terms [a collection of travel-oriented phrases

Farhang-i Râmân-i Êngîlîzî-Kurdi-Destey Ferheng 2003

English -- Kurdish, Kurdish -- English--Michael Goddard 2007 The first ever Sorani Kurdish dictionary to be entirely compiled based on the statistical evidence of real language, both written and spoken. It includes useful information on life in the Kurdish-speaking world, Kurdish, history, art and culture, and the Kurdish struggle for nationhood.

My First Kurdish Kurmanji Alphabets Picture Book with English Translations-Seyda S. 2019-12-19 Did you ever want to teach your kids the basics of Kurdish Kurmanji ? Learning Kurdish Kurmanji can be fun with this picture book. In this book you will find the following features: Kurdish Kurmanji Alphabets. Kurdish Kurmanji Words. English Translations.

I Stared at the Night of the City-Bextiyar "Eli 2017-01-10 The first major contemporary novel translated from Kurdish, by the most pre-eminent living writer from this ever-important Middle Eastern region.

Sleep Tight, Little Wolf - Xwêxnê xwêz, gûrê picûk (English - Kurmanji Kurdish)-Ulrich Renz 2019-11-01 Bilingual children's picture book (English - Kurmanji Kurdish) Tim can't fall asleep. His little wolf is missing! Perhaps he forgot him outside? Tim heads out all alone into the night – and unexpectedly encounters some friends... "Sleep Tight, Little Wolf!" is a heart-warming bedtime story. It has been translated into more than 50 languages and is available as a bilingual edition in all conceivable combinations of these languages. ➔ NEW: With pictures to color! A download link in the book gives you free access to the pictures from the story to color in. Pirtûka zarokan bi du zimanan (Îngîlîzî – Kurdi / Kurmanji) Tim nikare di xew re here. Gurî wînî picûk wunda bûye! Belêk ku Tim wî ji derve ji û bû kiribe, an? Bi tenê ji xwe re bi şev derîkerê û û dîhine ku va cîvak gerrîjaye... "Xwêxnê xwêz, gûrê picûk" çîrokeke ji xwendina di xwevrecê re ye û ku ta niha ji zêdeyî 50 zimanan re hatîye wergerandin. Berhemekê duzimanî ye û bi hemu zimanan peyda dibe.

Compact Kurdish - Kurmanji-Abdullah Incekan 2014-07-25 This text book systematically provides the basis of the Kurdish language (Kurmanji) in a practice-oriented format in 19 chapters. Each chapter consists of an authentic text, vocabulary, grammatical explanations as well as exercises. The texts and several pronunciation exercises can be listened to on the provided audio-CD. The pictures and graphics serve as an illustration of the text contents. The textbook is suitable for self-study or language courses and aimed at students who want to learn Kurdish from the beginning or deepen their knowledge. A comprehensive appendix with a key, a vocabulary list of Kurdish-English and English-Kurdish, a list of the two verb stems as well as a grammar index complete the book.

Kurdish Reader. Modern Literature and Oral Texts in Kurmanji-Khanna Omarkhalî 2011 The Kurdish Reader by Khanna Omarkhalî comprises an exciting collection of texts in Kurmanji, the northern dialect of the Kurdish language. It is designed to help students with a basic knowledge of the Kurdish language to enhance their fluency by studying a variety of texts ranging from literary and folklore to non-narrative prose works. The first part of the book focuses on the literary works, both prose and verse, from all parts of the Kurdish speaking countries. Many of the texts were produced in Armenia where the dialect evolved its written tradition. This is the first collection incorporating material from this important literary and cultural heritage. As the first part of the book presents the development of written tradition, part two introduces the reader to a range of variants of Kurmanji from Turkey, Armenia, Russia, Syria, Iraqi Kurdistan, Azerbaijan, Turkmenia, and Khorasan, each conveying the richness of their forms. This part of the Reader is of interest for Kurdish Oral History Studies too for it consists of various recordings of historical information, based on the personal experience of the speakers. The Reader contains two Kurdish-English glossaries and a grammar section. This constitutes a comprehensive outline of the subjects under study along with a fundamental description of the cornerstones of Kurmanji grammatical categories, and explanations of the main discrepancies between the local Kurmanji variants and the literary language with examples taken from the selections. Additionally, the book offers English translations of selected texts with an English-Kurdish dictionary of linguistic terms.

The Kurdish Bike-Aleesia Lighthorne 2016-07-19 'Courageous teachers wanted to rebuild war-torn nation. With
her marriage over and life gone flat, Theresa turns responds to an online ad, and lands at a school in Kurdish Iraq. Befriended by a widow in a nearby village, Theresa is embroiled in the joys and agonies of traditional Kurds, especially the Kurdish women who survive Saddam Hussein's genocide only to be crippled by age-old restrictions, brutality and honor killings. Theresa's greatest challenge will be balancing respect for cultural values while trying to introduce more enlightened attitudes toward women? at the same time seeking new spiritual dimensions within herself. The Kurdish Bike is gripping, tender, wry and compassionate? an eye-opener into little-known customs in one of the world's most explosive regions? a novel of love, betrayal and redemption.

Sleep Tight, Little Wolf. Bilingual Children's Book (English - Anglo-Saxon/Old English):-Ulrich Renz 2016-10-04 Bilingual children's book (age 2 and up) Tim can't fall asleep. His little wolf is missing! Perhaps he forgot him outside? Tim heads out all alone into the night - and unexpectedly encounters some friends... "Sleep Tight, Little Wolf" is a heart-warming bedtime story. It has been translated into more than 50 languages and is available as a bilingual edition in all conceivable combinations of languages. www.childrens-books-bilingual.com

Journalistic Translation-Sahib Hasan Rasul 2019-05-08 This volume painstakingly formulates a composite model of translation procedures that covers both linguistic and cultural aspects inherent in translation. The model is based on an integration of three classic taxonomies of translation procedures proposed by influential translation scholars, namely Vinay and Darbelnet (1995), Newmark (1988), and Dickins, Hervey and Higgins (2002/2016). The book combines these three taxonomies into an integrated model and extends it, effectively, to identify patterns of translation procedures and overall strategies in English-Kurdish translation of journalistic texts. The book is a breakthrough in the field of journalistic translation between the two languages. With a clear definition and exemplification of each translation procedure, the importance of the model is that it is replicable for future descriptive translation studies and can be carried out in other language pairs and on other genres. Moreover, the model is comprehensive in nature, and covers almost all translational changes and shifts that may occur in the translation process. Thus, this model of translation procedures transcends previous frameworks in such a way that prospective translation researchers will not need to go back to these older models of translation procedures.

The Basics of Kurmanji - Behdlini Grammar-Shirzad Alkadhi 2019-04-17 This book explains, in both English and Kurdish, the correct way to speak, read, and write Kurdish. It is designed to be used inside the classroom or for independent study. The book will enable anyone who knows the basics of English to learn the basics of the Kurdish language with ease. In four chapters, it explains the rules and characteristics of Kurmanji-Kurdish, the principles of the creation of sentences, and the correct pronunciation of letters and words. The book classifies the various elements of the language, as well as the similarities between the Kurmanji dialects. Also included in the book is a sampling of the ethics, culture and daily life in Kurdistan.

Mapping Kurdistan-Zeynep N. Kaya 2020-06-30 Examines how the idea of Kurdistan, as a homeland and a source of national identity, was created within international political history.

A Kurdish-English Dictionary-Taufiq Wahby 1966

Kurdistan in Iraq-Aram Rafaat 2018-05-11 The Kurdish-Iraqi conflict lies in the fact that Kurdistan is a nation-without-a-state and Iraq is a non-nation state, each possessing a nationhood project differing from and opposing the other. Iraqi-Kurdistan is an outward looking entity seeking external patronage. Though external patronage has played a pivotal role in the evolution of the Kurdish quasi-state, a lack of positive patronage has prevented it from realizing its nationhood project which is in opposition to the Iraqi nationhood project. Each has its own identity, loyalty and sovereignty. The book answers the question as to how the Kurdish quest for nationhood has been treated by successive Iraqi regimes. Furthermore, it fills in the literary gaps which exist in relation to the Iraqi-Kurdish conflict by specifying and categorising the cardinal conditions that drive ethnic and nationalist confluence which lead to the creation of separatist entities. Drawing upon a vast amount of untapped Kurdish and Arabic primary sources, the book draws on prominent theories on nation-states and quasi-states. It will particularly appeal to students and scholars of international relations, political theory and Middle Eastern Studies.

The Kurdish Spring-David L. Phillips 2017-07-05 Kurds are the largest stateless people in the world. An estimated thirty-two million Kurds live in "Kurdistan," which includes parts of Turkey, Iraq, Syria, and Iran today's "hot spots" in the Middle East. The Kurdish Spring explores the subjugation of Kurds by Arab, Ottoman, and Persian powers for almost a century, and explains why Kurds are now evolving from a victimized people to a coherent political community.David L. Phillips describes Kurdish rebellions and arbitrary divisions in the last century, chronicling the nadir of Kurdish experience in the 1980s. He discusses draconian measures implemented by Iraq, including use of chemical weapons, Turkey's restrictions on political and cultural rights, denial of citizenship and punishment for expressing Kurdish identity in Syria, and repressive rule in Iran.Philips forecasts the collapse and fragmentation of Iraq. He argues that US strategic and security interests are advanced through cooperation with Kurds, as a bulwark against ISIS and Islamic extremism. This book will encourage the public to look critically at the post-colonial period, recognizing the injustice and impracticality of states that were created by Great Powers, and offering a new perspective on sovereignty and statehood.

Daughters of Smoke and Fire-Ava Homa 2020-05-12 The unforgettable, haunting story of a young woman's perilous fight for freedom and justice for her brother; the first novel published in English by a female Kurdish writer Set primarily in Iran, this extraordinary debut novel weaves 50 years of modern Kurdish history through a story of a family facing oppression and injustices all too familiar to the Kurds. Leila dreams of making films to bring the suppressed stories of her people onto the global stage, but obstacles keep piling up. Her younger brother, Chia, influenced by their father's past torture, imprisonment, and his deep-seated desire for justice, begins to engage with social and political affairs. But his activism grows increasingly risky and one day he disappears in Tehran. Seeking answers about her brother's whereabouts, Leila fears the worst and begins a campaign to save him. But when she publishes Chia's writings online, she finds herself in grave danger as well. Inspired by the life of Kurdish human rights activist Farzad Kamangar and published to coincide with the 10th anniversary of his execution, Daughters of Smoke and Fire is an evocative portrait of the lives and stakes faced by 40 million stateless Kurds. It's an unflinching but compassionate and powerful story that brilliantly illuminates the meaning of identity and the complex bonds of family. A landmark novel for our troubled world, Daughters of Smoke and Fire is a gripping and important read, perfect for fans of Khaled Hosseini's 'The Kite Runner and Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie's Half of a Yellow Sun.

English / Turkish / Kurdish Dictionary-John Rigdon 2018-07-23 This dictionary contains 20,000 English (eng) terms paired with Turkish (tur) and Northern Kurdish (kmr). It is extracted from our Words R Us multi-lingual data base which is built on Princeton Wordnet of the English language. Turkish, Arabic, Kurdish, Italian and other language pairs are available. Visit our website at www.wordsrus.info for availability of the other volumes. Turkish (ISO 639-3 tur) also referred to as Istanbul Turkish, is the most widely spoken of the Turkic languages, with approximately 10-15 million native speakers in Southeast Europe (mostly in East and Western Thrace) and 60-65 million native speakers in Western Asia (mostly in Anatolia). The Turkic family comprises some 30 living languages, spanning across Eastern Europe, Central Asia, and Siberia. About 40% of all speakers of Turkic languages are native Turkish speakers. Outside Turkey, significant smaller groups of speakers exist in Germany, Bulgaria, Macedonia, Northern Cyprus, Greece, the Caucasus, and other parts of Europe and Central Asia. The characteristic features of Turkish, such as vowel harmony, agglutination, and lack of grammatical gender, are universal within the Turkic family. After the foundation of the modern state of Turkey the Turkish Language Association (TDK) was established in 1932 under the patronage of Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, with the aim of conducting research on Turkish. One of the tasks of the newly established association was to initiate a language reform to replace loanwords of Arabic and Persian origin with Turkish equivalents. By banning the usage of imported words in the press, the association succeeded in removing several hundred foreign words from the language. While most of the words introduced by the TDK were newly derived from Turkic roots, it also opted for...
Sharafnama enticed later Kurdish dynasties to shuffle their own dynastic history into the pages of the book long history among the Kurdish literati and rulers has lasted for centuries. To gain the honor of being mentioned in the empires of the Kurds parallel those of the Arabs, Persians and Turks, some, according to Bitlisi, reaching back ethos, a defined homeland and an integrated history stretching into antiquity. In the text of this unique history the Sharafnama are present the Kurdish nation, already unified 400 years ago within a common culture, national

The Sharafnama, Or, The History of the Kurdish Nation, 1597

reviving Old Turkish words which had not been used for centuries. The past few decades have seen the continuing work of the TDK to coin new Turkish words to express new concepts and technologies as they enter the language, mostly from English. Many of these new words, particularly information technology terms, have received widespread acceptance. However, the TDK is occasionally criticized for coinings which sound contrived and artificial. Many of the words derived by TDK coexist with their older counterparts. Turkey has the 13th largest GDP, well ahead of South Korea, Australia, Canada, and Saudi Arabia. Virtually all the Turkish people are Islamic. Less than 1% of the population is Christian. Kurdish forms three dialect groups known as Northern Kurdish (Kurmanji), Central Kurdish (Sorani), and Southern Kurdish (Paledani). A separate group of non-Kurdish Northwestern Iranian languages, the Zaza-Gorani languages, are also spoken by several million Kurds. Northern Kurdish (Kurmanji) is spoken in Turkey, Syria, northern Iraq and northwest Iran by about 15-20 million people. Studies as of 2009 estimate between 8 and 20 million native Kurdish speakers in Turkey. The majority of the Kurds speak Northern Kurdish ("Kurmanji"). Before August 2002, the Turkish government placed severe restrictions on the use of Kurdish, prohibiting the language in education and broadcast media. The Kurdish alphabet is not recognized in Turkey, and the use of Kurdish names containing the letters X, W, and Q, which do not exist in the Turkish alphabet, is not allowed. In 2012, Kurdish-language lessons became an elective subject in public schools. Previously, Kurdish education had only been possible in private institutions. Because of war in their homeland, many Kurds have become refugees in Iran, Iraq, Turkey and Germany. Other groups are found elsewhere. The United States currently has a significant population of native Kurdish speakers as does France and the U.K. Virtually all of the Kurdish people are Islamic.

Kurdish Picture Book-Wai Cheung 2017-03-25 Color your way while learning all the foreign words you could muster with this pictorial vocabulary book. From members of the family to household items, this book series covers a broad range of vocabulary needed by anyone interested in learning a foreign language. Great for your child to develop language skills, as a gift for someone who does, or yourself, this series is both creative and educational as well as a must for people who are very visual, which is very many of us.

Kurds-Mehrhad Izady 2015-06-03 First Published in 1993. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

The Last Girl-Nadia Murad 2018-10 "A memoir of Nadia Murad's time as a captive of the Islamic State, her escape, and her human rights activism"--

No Friend but the Mountains-Behrouz Boochani 2019-02-11 "Our government jailed his body, but his soul remained that of a free man." — From the Foreword by Man Booker Prize-winning author Richard Flanagan In 2013, Kurdish-Iranian journalist Behrouz Boochani was illegally detained on Manus Island, a refugee detention centre off the coast of Australia. He has been there ever since. This book is the result. Laboriously typed out on a mobile phone and translated from the Farsi. It is a voice of witness, an act of survival. A lyric first-hand account. A cry of resistance. A vivid portrait of five years of incarceration and exile. Winner of the Victorian Prize for literature.

The Daughters of Kobani is a must-read for anyone who wants to understand both the nobility and the brutality of war. This is one of the most compelling stories in modern warfare. “—Admiral William H. McRaven, author of Make Your Bed In 2014, northeastern Syria might have been the last place you would expect to find a revolution in progress. But that year, an all-female militia faced off against ISIS in a little town few had ever heard of: Kobani. By then, the Islamic State had swept across vast swaths of the country, taking town after town

Blood and Belief-Aliza Marcus 2009-04-01 During the Progressive Era, over 150 African American women's clubs flourished in Chicago. Through these clubs, a vibrant social world of women's power and agency emerged, where women fought to achieve social and legal political and religious reforms through educating themselves and the members of their communities. In politics, they battled for women's suffrage, voted for pro-choice laws, and fought for suffrage. In the tradition of other mothering, in which the community shares in the care and raising of all its children, the club women established kindergartens, youth clubs, and homes for the elderly. In Toward a Tenderer Humanity and a Nobler Womanhood, Anne Meis Kaupfer documents how the club women created multiple allegiances through social and club networks and sheds light on the life experiences of African American women in urban centers throughout the country. Drawing upon the primary documents of African American newspapers, journals, and speeches of the time, this book chronicles and analyzes the complexity and richness of the African American club women's lives as they lifted while others climbed.

States of Dispossession-Zerrin Ozlem Biner 2019-11-08 The military conflict between the Kurdistan Workers' Party (PKK) and the Turkish Armed Forces has endured over the course of the past three decades. Since 1984, the conflict has claimed the lives of more than 45,000 civilians, militants, and soldiers, as well as causing thousands of casualties and disappearances. It has led to the displacement of millions of people and caused the forced evacuation of nearly 4,000 villages and towns. Suspended periodically by various cease-fires, the conflict has been a symbol of every form of fighting the ethnic, social, and political enclaves of contemporary Turkey, where contradictory forms of governance have been installed across the Kurdish region. In States of Dispossession, Zerrin Özlem Biner traces the violence of the protracted conflict in the Kurdish region through the lens of dispossession. By definition, dispossession implies the act of depriving someone of land, property, and other belongings as well as the result of such deprivation. Within the fields of Ottoman and contemporary Turkish studies, social science have examined the dispossession of rights and property, but not of governing territory and those citizens living at its margins. States of Dispossession instead highlights everyday experiences in an attempt to understand the persistent and intangible effects of dispossession. Biner examines the practices and discourses that emerge from local memories of unspoken, irreversible histories and the ways people of differing religious and ethnic backgrounds live with the remains of violence that is still unfolding. She explores the implicit knowledge held by ordinary people about the landscape and the built environment and the continuous struggle to reclaim rights over dispossessed bodies and places.

Iraqi Kurds and Nation-Building-Mohammed M. A. Ahmed 2016-01-19 Shining a light on how Iraqi Kurds used the aftermath of the 1991 Kurdish uprising to hold elections and form a parliament, and on how Kurdish officials later consolidated their regional government following the 2003 Iraq War, this book considers the political and economic shortfalls of the government and the obstacles facing Iraqi Kurds.

The Daughters of Kobani-Gayle Tzemach Lemmon 2022-02-16 A NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER! The extraordinary story of the women who took on the Islamic State and won: “The Daughters of Kobani is an unforgettable and nearly mythic tale of women's power and courage; a testament to the young women profiled in this book fought a fearsome war against brutal men in impossible circumstances—and proved in the process what girls and women can accomplish when given the chance to lead. Brilliantly researched and respectfully reported, this book is a lesson in heroism, sacrifice, and the real meaning of sisterhood. I am so grateful that this story has been told.”—Elizabeth Gilbert, author of Big Magic and Eat, Pray, Love "Absolutely fascinating and brilliantly written, The Daughters of Kobani is a must-read for anyone who wants to understand both the nobility and the brutality of war. This is one of the most compelling stories in modern warfare."—Admiral William H. McRaven, author of Make Your Bed In 2014, northeastern Syria might have been the last place you would expect to find a revolution centered on women's rights. But that year, an all-female militia faced off against ISIS in a little town few had ever heard of: Kobani. By then, the Islamic State had swept across vast swaths of the country, taking town after town
would, in partnership with Kurdish forces and with the assistance of Turkey, engage Saddam's army in the North.

Faddis was named to head a CIA team that would enter Iraq to facilitate the deployment of follow-on conventional forces in the South. At the time, the US military was a long way from saving the Kurds. But Faddis, who had worked under the CIA in the North and had been named to head a CIA team that would enter Iraq to facilitate the deployment of follow-on conventional forces, was determined to make sure that the Kurds would not be left to their fate.

In 2002, Sam Faddis published a book titled "The Assasination: How Saddam's Assassins Put a Price on the Life of America's Greatest Spy," in which he detailed his work with the CIA in the Middle East and the role he played in the eventual demise of Saddam Hussein.

The Daughters of Kobani is the unforgettable story of the women of the Kurdish militia that improbably became part of the world's best hope for stopping ISIS in Syria. Drawing from hundreds of hours of interviews, bestselling author Gayle Tzemach Lemmon introduces us to the women fighting on the front lines, determined to not only extinguish the terror of ISIS, but to prove that women could lead in war and must enjoy equal rights come the peace. In helping to cement the territorial defeat of ISIS, whose savagery toward women and children astounded the world, these women played a central role in neutralizing the threat the group posed worldwide. In the process they earned the respect—and significant military support—of U.S. Special Operations Forces.

Rigorously reported and powerfully told, The Daughters of Kobani shines a light on a group of women intent on not only defeating the Islamic State on the battlefield but also changing women's lives in their corner of the Middle East and beyond.

Essays on Kurds-Amir Hassannour 2020-02-15 The essays in this collection offer robust theoretical analysis of language and cultural rights, class and gender, policy and politics, history and historiography, nation and nationalism, and Marxism. They continue to remain original to a vast array of debates and contestations in these areas. The book includes unpublished pieces and some key contributions that are most relevant to the contemporary debates on theory and method of nation/nationalism, and the struggle of national minorities for sovereignty, cultural and political rights. Each chapter provides original data and are written over a span of decades, but significantly, they offer a radical break with the colonial, orientalist, and nationalist traditions of historical materialism.

The Kurds of Northern Syria-Harriet Allsopp 2019-08-08 Based on unprecedented access to Kurdish- governed areas of Syria, including exclusive interviews with administration officials and civilian surveys, this book sheds light on the socio-political landscape of this minority group and the various political factions vying to speak for them. The first English-language book to capture the momentous transformations that have occurred since 2011, the authors move beyond idealized images of Rojava and the Kurdish PYD (Democratic Union Party) to provide a nuanced assessment of the Kurdish autonomous experience and the prospects for self-rule in Syria. The book draws on unparalleled field research, as well as analysis of the literature on the evolution of Kurdish politics and the Syrian war. You will understand why the PYD-led project in Syria split the Kurdish political movement and how other representative structures amongst Syria's Kurds fared. Emerging clearly are the complex range of views about pre-existing, current and future governance structures.

The Kurds of Northern Syria-Kemal Kirisci 2013-11-05 This volume examines the Kurdish question in Turkey, tracing its developments from the end of the Ottoman Empire to the present day. The study considers: secession; federal schemes; various forms of autonomy; the provision of special rights; and further democratization.

Social Media in Southeast Turkey-Elisabetta Costa 2016-02-29 This book presents an ethnographic study of social media in Mardin, a medium-sized town located in the Kurdish region of Turkey. The town is inhabited mainly by Sunni Muslim Arabs and Kurds, and has been transformed in recent years by urbanisation. Elisabetta Costa uses her 15 months of ethnographic research to explain why public-facing social media is more conservative than offline life. Yet, at the same time, social media has opened up unprecedented possibilities for private communications between genders and in relationships among young people. Costa reveals how social media is changing society, love and romance. She also discovers that, when viewed from the perspective of people’s everyday lives, social and political participation on social media looks very different to how it is portrayed in studies of political postings separated from their original complex, and highly socialised, context neoliberalist and political events.

Gendered Experiences of Genocide-Choman Hardi 2016-04-22 Between February and September 1988, the Iranian government destroyed over 2000 Kurdish villages, killing somewhere between 50,000 and 100,000 civilians and displacing 500,000 more. The Anfal campaign was codenamed by the British, who supported Saddam Hussein, as the "24th War of Iraq." For the survivors of this campaign, Anfal did not end in September 1988: the aftermath of this catastrophe is as much a part of the Anfal story as the gas attacks, disappearances and life in the camps. This book examines Kurdish women’s experience of violence, destruction, the disappearance of loved ones, and incarceration during the Anfal campaign. It explores the survival strategies of these women in the aftermath of genocide. By bringing together and highlighting women’s own testimonies, Choman Hardi reconstructs the Anfal narrative in contrast to the censored account that is widely presented.

The CIA War in Kurdistan-Sam Faddis 2020-03-31 "A valuable history [and] a stark warning to Washington policy and strategy makers."—James Stejskal, former US Army Special Forces and CIA officer In 2002, Sam Faddis was named to head a CIA team that would enter Iraq to facilitate the deployment of follow-on conventional military forces numbering over 40,000 American soldiers. This force, built around the 4th Infantry Division, would, in partnership with Kurdish forces and with the assistance of Turkey, engage Saddam’s army in the North as part of a coming invasion. Faddis expected to be on the ground in Iraq within weeks, the entire campaign likely to be over by summer. Over the course of the next year, virtually every aspect of that plan for the conduct of the war in northern Iraq fell apart. The 4th Infantry Division never arrived, nor did any other conventional forces in substantial number. The Turks not only refused to provide support, they worked overtime to prevent the United States from achieving success. And an Arab army that was to assist US forces fell apart before it ever made it to the field. Alone, hopelessly outnumbered, short on supplies, and threatened by Iraqi assassination teams and Islamic extremists, Faddis’s team, working with Kurdish peshmerga, miraculously paved the way for a brilliant and largely bloodless victory in the North and the fall of Saddam’s Iraq. That victory, handed over to Washington and the Department of Defense on a silver platter, was then squandered. The decisions that followed would lead to catastrophic consequences that continue to this day. This is the story of the brave and effective team of men and women who overcame massive odds to help end the nightmare of Saddam’s rule. It is also the story of how incompetence, bureaucracy, and ignorance threw that success away and condemned Iraq and the surrounding region to chaos.

B’ajlon II Nkotz’j’l Publications’ Kurdish Phrasebook-Sandra Chigüela 2020-04-14 A Detailed and Concise Kurdish Language Phrasebook that includes an Extensive Grammar Section, a Categorized Dictionary & a Daily Useful Phrases Section. This Book is the Perfect Tool to utilize while traveling in Kurdistan and other Kurdish Communities around the World. The Dialect used in this Book is exclusively the Northern Kurdish or Kurmanji Dialect.

The Kurdish Question and Turkey-Kemal Kirisci 2013-11-05 This volume examines the Kurdish question in Turkey, tracing its developments from the end of the Ottoman Empire to the present day. The study considers: secession; federal schemes; various forms of autonomy; the provision of special rights; and further democratization.

The Culture Map-Erin Meyer 2014-05-27 An international business expert helps you understand and navigate cultural differences in this insightful and practical guide, perfect for both your work and personal life. Americans precede anything negative with three nice comments; French, Dutch, Israelis, and Germans get straight to the point; Latin Americans and Asians are steeped in hierarchy; Scandinavians think the best boss is just one of the crowd. It’s no surprise that when they try and talk to each other, chaos breaks out. In The Culture Map, INSEAD professor Erin Meyer is your guide through this subtle, sometimes treacherous terrain in which people from different cultural backgrounds are expected to work harmoniously together. She provides a field-tested model for decoding how cultural differences impact international business, and combines a smart analytical framework with practical, actionable advice.

Bitch’s Guide to Resistance-Michael J. Kelly 2008-10-30 Saddam Hussein’s execution for his crimes against Iraq’s Shia not only brought an end to his reign of oppression, but also to the justice that was to be served to the Iraqi Kurds. The unspeakable atrocities visited by Saddam upon the Kurds of Iraq are explored here, together with the trials of Saddam by the Iraqi High Tribunal. However, this work is more than a litigation history. It is also an exploration of the motivations behind and the depths of
organized evil in the context of a single, brutal despot at the helm of an artificially created multi-ethno/religious state lying atop massive oil wealth. Saddam's background and the context of his rule explain much about his actions, but not all. He remained an unpredictable tyrant to the end of his reign. The Kurds have continually been subject to adversity since the end of World War I, when they were denied their own homeland, splitting them among three countries: Turkey, Iran, and Iraq. During Saddam's 24-year reign, the Kurds of Iraq were frequently under the knife of injustice. Between 1987 and 1989, Saddam unleashed genocide, razing over 2,000 villages and murdering at least 50,000 Kurds. As his dictatorship came to an end, the Kurds long-awaited opportunity to hold Saddam responsible for the atrocities against them seemed to have come, only to be sidetracked by the Iraqi High Tribunal, the Iraqi government, and the U.S. government. While the Shia rejoiced in their victory, the Kurds continued to be left behind. Saddam's death freed him of the charges against him by the Kurds. The world had turned its back on the Kurds in their age of genocide, and now appeared to turn a blind eye to the justice that was denied. The unspeakable atrocities visited by Saddam upon the Kurds of Iraq are explored here together with the trials of Saddam by the Iraqi High Tribunal—both the completed prosecution for the Dujail massacre against the Shites and the incomplete one for the Anfal Campaigns against the Kurds. However, this work is more than a litigation history. It is also an exploration of the motivations behind and the depths of organized evil in the context of a single, brutal despot at the helm of an artificially created multi-ethno/religious state lying atop massive oil wealth, but situated in the most dangerous part of the world. Saddam’s background and the context of his rule explain much about his actions, but not all. He remained an unpredictable tyrant to the end of his reign.

Kurdish-English Dictionary - Ernest Nasseph McCarus 1967